Teaching Tips

- Use manipulatives or props.
- Memorize: Use visual learning tools and mnemonics.
- Make study charts to organize information and details.
- Teach using hands-on techniques, role plays, games.
- Use dramatic presentations, skits, field trips, dance or other active experience.

For Kinesthetic Learners

- Facts: Store information of make up rhymes to help them to remember.
- Encourage them to study with friends or in a small group.
- Encourage them to read more aloud when studying.
- Present information by asking questions.
- Use lecture and discussion formats.

For Auditory Learners

- Use color-coded charts, graphs, and pictures.
- Emphasize them to take notes in class, review and summarize.
- Encourage them to learn more aloud when studying.
- Use auditory logs, written notes.
- Use dialogues, chants, stories, films, and written directions.

For Visual Learners

Learning Styles

- Are most successful when fully engaged with the learning.
- Try things in a group, read and manipulate.
- Need direct involvement in what they are learning.
- Prefer to keep moving and can sit still for long periods of time.
- Learn best by doing.

For Kinesthetic Learners

- Can spell better and learn in writing.
- Enjoy reading aloud and discussions.
- May talk to themselves when working or move their hips while learning.
- Learn new languages easily and like music better than art.
- Prefer to hear information and learn best by listening.

Auditory Learners

- Would rather read than be read to.
- Are shown best readers.
- Use information by seeing it in their mind.
- Are usually good spellers; they can visualize words and memos.
- Pay attention in class, do their assignments and study for tests.
- Remember what they've seen rather than what has been said.
- Learn best by seeing information.

Visual Learners