UH MAUI COLLEGE STUDENT AFFAIRS – Financial Aid Office 2011-12 PROGRAM REVIEW

I. Mission Statement:

The mission of the UH Maui College Financial Aid Office is to promote access to higher education and to support student success.

II. Functional Statements:

The Financial Aid Office is committed to:

- a. Provide financial aid support services that embrace the spirit of Aloha, Collaboration and Respect.
- b. Continually improve the financial aid delivery system to streamline processing for students.
- c. Develop strategies to support campus and UH system strategic goals and outcomes.

III. Specific Functions include:

- Provide high quality services, including financial aid counseling and awarding, to all financial aid students.
- Distribute financial aid resources in an equitable manner that compliments institutional priorities.
- Provide stewardship over Federal, State, institutional and external funds in compliance with regulations.
- Maintain accurate records necessary to meet federal, state and institutional reporting requirements.
- Develop and distribute policies and procedures to streamline the financial aid process for students and parents while meeting federal requirements.
- Oversee the student employment process, including maintaining accurate records for the Federal Workstudy program.
- Promote financial literacy.
- Pursue continued professional development opportunities to ensure staff knowledge of current regulatory policies.
- Utilize technological initiatives to simplify and streamline the delivery of financial aid services.
- Participate in campus meetings and committees to foster institutional communication and collaboration in servicing our students.
- Provide financial aid outreach services to the Maui County community at large.

IV. Data

a. Summative Data

See Appendix A and B (Financial Aid Data and Award Summary)

Institutional Goals and System Objectives	Program Goals and Objectives	FY11	FY12	FY 13 (as of 11/2012)	Assessment Tools & Methods	Results and Analysis Details in Formative data	Program Improvements Based on Analysis Details in Formative data
Hawaii Graduation Initiative: Strategic Recruitment and Affordability	Increase # of UHF Scholarship applications by 2% over the previous year.	Applications decreased by 27%. 0910 - 281 1011 - 221	Applications increased by 43% 1011 - 221 1112 - 317	Applications increased by% 1112 - 317 1213 - N/A	Tool: Scholarship Manager Reporting Tool	N/A Data available in March.	N/A Data available in March.
Hawaii Graduation Initiative: Affordability	Increase # of FA applications by 3% over the previous year.	Applications increased by 17%. 0910 - 4439 1011 - 5180	Applications increased by 6% 1011 - 5180 1112 - 5501	Applications increased by 1% 1112 - 5501 1213 - 5565	Tool: Oracle Report R3025	Below target: Numbers continue to increase but starting to level off.	Continue to change/develop outreach strategies based on assessment. Continue aggressive promotion.
Hawaii Graduation Initiative: Affordability	Increase the % of FA recipients each year to reach 46.8% by 2015. (Strategic Outcomes)	Enrolled students paid FA increased by 7%. 0910 - 45% 1011 - 52%	Enrolled students paid FA increased by 4%. 1011 - 52% 1112 - 56%	Enrolled students paid FA increased by 3%. 1112 - 56% 1213 - 59%	Tool: UHCC FA Reports using Banner popsels	Above target: Numbers continue to increase but starting to level off.	Continue to change/develop outreach strategies based on assessment.

Hawaii	Increase the %	Enrolled	Enrolled	Enrolled	Tool: Banner	Above target:	Above targets.
Graduation	of Pell	students	students	students	RFIBUDG		
Initiative:	recipients each	receiving Pell	receiving Pell	receiving Pell		Numbers continue	Continue to
Affordability	year to reach	increased by 8%.	increased by 5%.	increased by 1%.		to increase but	change/develop
and Achieving	30% by 2015					will start to level	outreach strategies
the Dream		0910 - 36%	1011 - 44%	1112 - 49%		off.	based on assessment.
	(Strategic	1011 - 44%	1112 - 49%	1213 - 50%			
	Outcomes)						
Hawaii	Increase the	Students who	Students who	N/A	Tool: Banner	N/A	N/A
Graduation	rate of students	successfully met	successfully met		popsels		
Initiative:	who	their appeal	their appeal	Data available in		Data available in	Data available in
Academic	successfully	conditions	conditions	December	Method:	December	December
Preparation	meet their	decreased by	decreased by		Identify		
	appeal	23%	4%		students on		
	conditions by				appeal using		
	3% over the	54% of students	50% of students		Banner popsel;		
	previous year	on appeal in Fall	on appeal in Fall		manually check		
		2010 were	2011 were		progress in		
		academically	academically		subsequent		
		successful in	successful in		term following		
		Spring 2011	Spring 2012		probation		
		(200 on appeal;	(264 on appeal;				
		108 successful)	132 successful)				

b. Formative Data

Student Learning Outcomes (SLO) And/Or Program Goals	Examples of Achievement Indicators within each SLO	Mapping SLO to Activity or Course	Assessment Tool(s) & Methods of Utilization	Analyzing Results As Relates to Objectives	Plan & Implementation
SLO: INTELLECTUAL	Intellectual Growth:	Intervention for higher risk	<u>Tools</u> – Online	Life Skills Data:	Analysis:
GROWTH	Produces personal and	students to both promote	Life Skills	3027 students	Aggressive measures
Impact students'	educational goal	financial literacy and to	Program,	completed Life Skills as	necessary to expand financial
academic preparation	statements; employs	lower default rate:	Borrower	First Time Borrowers or	literacy and lower CDR:
level by promoting	critical thinking in		Connect	SAP appeal students	Plan:
financial literacy	problem solving; uses	-Life Skills for cohort of	Software	(Data on scale 1-5):	 Expand Life Skills in
Other related Program goal: Implement Default Prevention Plan to	complex and varied information to make decisions decisions/opinion.	Freshman, First-time borrowers. -Life Skills for students who	Methods – Student Surveys via Life Skills	Student level of knowledge <u>before</u> Life Skills: 3.1	the classroom. 2. Survey potential defaulters that were assisted by Peer loan
reduce Cohort Default	Lower CDR:	are suspended and submit		Student level of	advisor.
Rate (CDR) to national	2006: 17.5%	an appeal.		knowledge <u>after</u> Life	If Peer loan advisor
average for 2-year public:	2007: 19.1%			Skills: 4.4	shows success in
18.3% Maui's 2009 CDR compared to other UHCC's:	2008: 12.2% 2009: 24.3% Legislative Change to CDR calculation (monitoring defaults within 3-yrs rather than 2-yrs.)	-Individual counseling with students whose appeal has been improved; advise on outstanding loan balance, lifetime Pell eligibility status		Relevancy of material to students' personal or financial situation:4.4 Likelihood of using the tools learned: 4.3	averting defaulters, request for APT position to expand on student help duties to address the following:
MAU: 24.3% (75/308) HON: 10.5% (6/57) KCC: 14.1% (39/276) KAU: 15.6% (5/32) LCC: 18.6% (24/129) WCC: 16.7% (24/143) HAW: 25% (28/112) Cohort Default Rate (CDR): % of borrowers	2011 projected rate: Best case scenario: 24% Worst case scenario: 36% If CDR reaches 30% college will be required to establish a default prevention taskforce. If 30% for 2 consecutive years, institution could lose all Title IV funding.	-Hired Peer loan advisor to communicate with potential defaulters using Borrower Connect -Know What You Owe campaign -Extra intervention for students who completely withdraw: Send loan repayment info for default aversion		See Appendix C 6 month follow up survey as of 6/30/12: -119 respondents -118 reported at least 1 behavior change -Average number of behaviors changed was 12 -Top reported change: I established educational, financial and/or career	Loan volume increased over 300% from FY07 to FY12 (Almost \$10 million in FY 12). Critical need to better prepare students for loan repayment: counseling, awareness, financial literacy. Develop solid default prevention plan. Work closely with counseling, retention coordinator. Work specifically with financial aid

b	I				and the transport of the second of the secon
who enter repayment				goals	recipients not making
during FY and default				See Appendix D	satisfactory progress.
prior to end of next FY.					
				Borrower Connect Data:	
Draft 2010 3-year rate				1245 delinquent	
available April 2013.				students contacted via	
				email or letter	
Draft 2011 3-year rate				228/1245 students	
available April 2014.				averted from default	
				and is current (18%)	
				See Appendix E	
				Know What You Owe	
				Survey	
				-71% were not surprised	
				at their loan balance	
				-100% said the info they	
				received will make them	
				more likely to pay	
				attention to their loan	
				debt in the future	
				-86% said the info they	
				received will change	
				their borrowing	
				behavior	
Program Goal:	Realistic Self Appraisal:	Intervention for higher risk	<u>Tools</u> – Academic	Fall 10 to Spring 11:	Analysis:
Impact students'	Articulates personal skills	students:	Plan	54% of students that	Results show that less % of
academic preparation	and abilities; makes			were on appeal in Fall	students successfully meeting
level by increasing the	decisions and acts in	Students receiving financial	Method -	2010 were academically	academic requirements.
rate of students who	congruence with personal	aid on probation must meet	Academic Plan	successful in Spring	Multiple factors involved,
successfully meet their	values; acknowledges	with financial aid counselor	Requirement	2011 (200 students on	including stricter federal
appeal conditions by 3%	personal strengths and	and academic advisor to	(tracked in	appeal; 108 successful)	guidelines for eligibility.
over the previous year	weaknesses; articulates	complete an Academic Plan	Banner)		Company of attracts who although
_	rationale for personal	before receiving aid.		Fall 11 to Spring 12:	Surveyed students who didn't
SLO:	behavior; seeks feedback	_		50% of students that	meet academic requirements
REALISTIC SELF-	from others; learns from			were on appeal in Fall	in Fall 2011 (21 students
APPRAISAL	past experiences.			2011 were academically	responded)
				successful in Spring	67% students following acplan
				2012 (264 students on	schedule as advised by
				appeal; 132 successful)	counselor
				Data for 1112 Program	
				_	81% said the meeting with a
				Review	_

<u> </u>		
	<u>Fall 12 t</u>	Spring 13: financial aid counselor was
	Data ava	nilable helpful.
	Decemb	er 71% said the meeting with an
		academic advisor was helpful.
		33% said they were
		unsuccessful because of
		personal reasons:
		10% - classes too difficult
		18% - class load too heavy
		10% - not enough faculty
		support
		10% - not enough support
		from campus services
		14% - time management
		issues
		5% - work/employment
		<u>Plan:</u>
		1. Continue requiring
		students to meet
		with financial aid and
		academic counselor.
		As federal requirements are
		tightening and pushing
		students towards quicker
		completion, FA must develop
		ways to communicate with
		students on importance of SAP
		and staying on track:
		1. Send individual
		emails to students
		who are close to
		reaching max Pell (6
		FT years)
		2. Email all awarded
		students about
		changes to Pell
		legislation at time of
		fall disbursement
		3. Change language in

					Max Timeframe approval email to include lifetime Pell limits and aggregate loans borrowed 4. Create guidelines for acplan meeting to include lifetime Pell, aggregate loans borrowed, loan counseling
Program Goal:		Participation at NSO	<u>Tools</u> - Banner	Contacted students by	Analysis:
Impact affordability for students by increasing		sessions	as tracking mechanism	phone and assisted them through the	Results show increase in FAFSA apps but slight
the number of FAFSA		Attended NSO sessions and	mechanism	awarding process.	decrease in awarding.
applications and % of		answered students' FA	Methods –		
students awarded Pell		questions. Provided	Obtained list of	<u>1112</u> :	Plan:
and/or other form of		students with flyers.	NSO students	301/371 filed FAFSA	Research – review those not
financial aid.			from Student	(81%)	awarded to see if missing
			Life.	16% increase in % of	documents or could be
				NSO students who filed	students were loans only and
			Checked Banner to see if FAFSA	FAFSA.	didn't want to pursue loans.
			filed and	1112:	
			awarded.	261/301 filed were	
			Maintained data	awarded (87%)	
			on Excel.	2% decrease in NSO	
				students who were	
				awarded.	
Program Goal:	Effective	Promote UHF Scholarships	<u>Tools</u> –	Very few requests from	Analysis:
Impact Strategic	Communication:	at FA & Scholarship Kick off	Qualitative	faculty for classroom	
Recruiting and	Writes and speaks	in January.	feedback from	presentations.	Surveyed students after
affordability by	coherently and		students and		classroom presentations (341):
increasing number of UHF	effectively; writes and	-Contacted faculty and	faculty about	Presented UHF and UH	90% (307) said they planned
Scholarship Applications	speaks after reflection; able to influence others	department chairs about classroom presentations.	need for scholarship	System scholarship information to 341	to apply for financial aid and
	through writing, speaking	ciassi ooni presentations.	assistance.	students through	scholarships
SLO:	or artistic expression;	-Partner with on-campus	assistance.	collaboration with on-	The most popular way that
EFFECTIVE	effectively articulates	partners (Mu'o, SSSP, Ku'ina,	Methods –	campus partners.	students wanted to be notified
COMMUNICATION	abstract ideas; uses	Upward Bound)	Paper survey and	The section of the se	about scholarships was via
	appropriate syntax.	. ,	data kept on		email (278); followed by mail

	-Posted flyers on campus; sent memos to dept. chairs -Opened online scholarship application early (before Dec. break) -FA "Ask Me" tables during 1st week of school to get student's UH email info to send scholarships via email.	master excel spreadsheet		(196); Facebook (86); and flyers (73). 88% (299) said they would take advantage of a scholarship workshop to help with applications. Surveyed students at FA & Scholarship Season Kick-off Jan. 2012 (7): The most popular way that students wanted to be notified about scholarships was via UH email (6) followed by facebook (4) Plan: 1. Pilot FA Facebook page 2. Continue sending emails about scholarship opportunities 3. Develop postcards (successful with promotion of B+ Scholarship)
Program Goal: Impact affordability for students by increasing FA visibility	Participate in various outreach activities for Gear Up and PacFAA Fall 2011: Financial Aid Overview: 11/9: Maui High (111) 11/14: Kamehameha (110) 12/5: Seabury Hall (36) 12/6: Baldwin (43) 12/13: King Kekaulike (57) 1/25: Hana High (35) Hands-on FAFSA workshop: 12/15: St. Anthony (9)	Tools – Sign in sheets; Qualitative data from participants Methods – Expanded Financial Aid Nights by promoting to local high school counselors at HS Counselor	Total 559 students and community members in Maui County were provided with financial aid information. Did not present at Lahainaluna.	Analysis: Qualitative data from high school counselors and parents at the workshops indicate strong need for financial aid information. Evaluations at Kamehameha Schools and Maui High School indicated that information was valuable, important and necessary.

1/19: Maui High (30) Fin 1/18: Kamehameha (29) Up 2/21: Kamehameha (3) col 1/17: King Kekaulike (42) Ga 2/28: Molokai High (24) and	Financial Aid Update for Counselors. Gathered data and maintained on Excel.	Plan: Successfully expanded pilot Hands-on FAFSA Workshops which started with Maui High and Baldwin prior year. Promote Steps 1-2-3 to HS Counselors (FA Overview; College Goal Sunday; Hands- on FAFSA Workshop) Create evaluation to be done at every FAN to measure value and format of workshops for Fall 2012.
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V. Budgetary Consideration and Impact

Over the last five years, the Financial Aid Office has consistently met or exceeded program goals that have been aligned with both campus and system initiatives. As outlined above, we will continue developing strategies to support our mission in addition to monitoring and assessing our methods and strategies.

One area that has been overlooked and warrants immediate attention is our critically high student loan cohort default rate (CDR). If not reduced, our default rate could severely impact our students and our institution. Immediate intervention is vital and we need campus support to create a position dedicated to a comprehensive default prevention plan. The data below clearly shows that pilot initiatives we have implemented are working. The strategy will be to expand on our current financial literacy initiatives and to help build a campus-wide, collaborative effort in developing smarter borrowers, teaching budgeting and financial literacy, and ultimately, increasing retention and reducing our default rate.

UHMC's most recent 3-year CDR is **24.7**% compared to the national average of **18.3**% for two-year public institutions. Our projected 2011 rate is **24.7**% (best case scenario) and **36.3**% (worst case scenario). If we reach a 30% default rate, the Dept. of Education will intervene and the college will be required to establish a default prevention taskforce. If the CDR stays at 30% or higher for 2 consecutive years, we could lose all Title IV eligibility, which includes the Federal Pell grant. Approximately 50% of UHMC students currently benefit from the Pell grant program to pay their tuition and would be adversely affected.

Nationally, student loan volume has skyrocketed over the last several years. Here at UHMC, loan volume has increased over **300**% from FY 07 to FY 12. Many factors, including the economy and high cost of living can explain the booming numbers. However, without loans, many of our students would be unable to cover their cost of attendance to attend college. Our obligation is to provide borrowers with the tools and resources they need to make better financial decisions and to successfully repay their student loans. With effective loan counseling and intrusive intervention, UHMC can help develop smarter borrowers, and at the same time, reduce the cohort default rate so generations of Maui County residents can continue benefiting from Title IV aid programs.

To address the growing default rate, the Financial Aid Office implemented a financial literacy program, Life Skills, for target groups of students which has shown great success (See Life Skills Data Appendix C). As shown by the data, students feel that the material is important and relevant. More importantly, in a 6-month follow up survey, students self reported that they had actually *changed their behavior* as a result of their exposure to Life Skills (See Life Skills Follow-up Survey Appendix D).

To supplement this online program, we recently hired a student peer loan advisor to assist with financial literacy. Because of the critical nature of our default rate, the peer advisor's main focus is to assist students who are already in delinquent status. As demonstrated in the data, we contacted **1245** delinquent borrowers over the last few months, and we have been successful in helping **228** borrowers move from delinquent to current status (See Appendix E). With the peer advisor, we will continue working with our cohort of previous borrowers who are in danger of default. However, in order to have a greater impact on our students and our default rate, we need aggressive and intrusive strategies which will require more in-depth counseling. We also need to expand our services to *current* borrowers while they are still on our campus. Having a position dedicated to these efforts will allow us to carry out measures outlined in our newly created comprehensive Default Prevention Plan.

VI. Considerations for Program Review

a. Engaged Community

Throughout the year, the Financial Aid Office engages with students, parents, high school counselors, and other scholarship providers to increase access to college and financial aid opportunities (Financial Aid Nights, Native Hawaiian Scholarship 'Aha, College Goal Sunday). As demonstrated in the data, the majority of our high school outreach takes place between November and January. However, we begin engaging with the high school counselors in September in preparation for the outreach season. We have also implemented an evaluation process, for both counselors and families, to help us continually improve our methods.

b. Recognize and Incorporate Best Practices

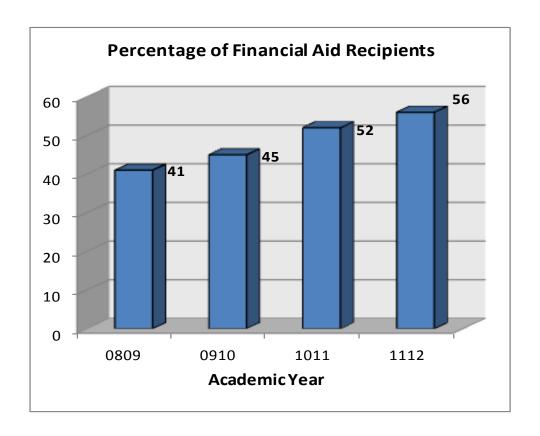
As demonstrated in the analysis and implementation section of our data, the Financial Aid Office continually strives to improve services and streamline financial aid delivery. We accomplish this by attending regular training provided by PacFAA and WASFAA, holding leadership positions on the board and committees of these organizations, conducting regular staff meetings and in-house training as needed and organizing

annual retreats focused on specific issues/processes. We have also been actively involved in centralization initiatives (tracking/communication and scholarship process), identified as best practices in effectively delivering financial aid to our students.

c. Planning and Policy Considerations

The Financial Aid Office has successfully met and exceeded participation targets set by the Strategic Plan and Achieving the Dream initiatives. Much of our success has been due to temporary funds that have been allocated to us via Innovation funds which allowed for additional student help and staff overtime. Enrollment has slightly decreased and financial aid participation has started to level. Centralization initiatives have also removed some responsibilities from current staffing. Despite these facts, our responsibilities have grown, as our objectives have expanded from simply increasing access to overall student success. As we continue to re-evaluate our processes and align our strategies with campus and system goals of persistence, completion, and graduation, we hope to gain additional support and resources to carry out our mission.

d. Budgetary Consideration and Impact- See Section V. Budgetary Consideration and Impact



Objective:

Increase the % of financial aid recipients each year to reach 46.8% by 2015 (Achieving the Dream and Strategic Outcomes)

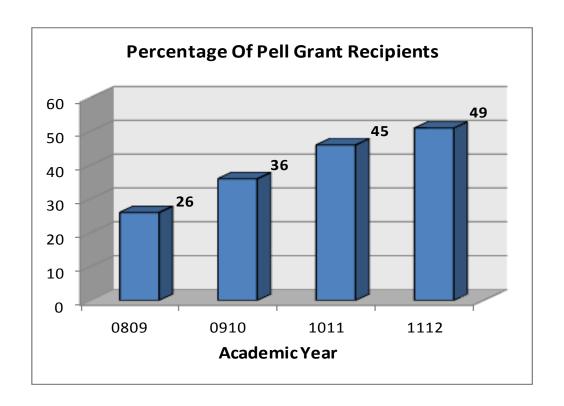
Current Data:

Number of financial aid recipients
Fall and Spring Unduplicated Headcount

Qualification:

The numerator (Number of financial aid recipients) includes all enrolled students who received any form of financial aid, including external scholarships and third party payments. (Banner Pop Sels)

The denominator (Fall and Spring Unduplicated Headcount) excludes any students who do not have MAU as their primary home campus. (Script from HonCC IRO)



Objective:

Increase the % of Pell recipients each year to reach 30% by 2015 (Achieving the Dream and Strategic Outcomes)

Current Data:

Number of Pell Recipients
Fall and Spring Unduplicated Headcount

Qualification:

The denominator currently includes groups of students who are not eligible for the Pell grant and should be excluded (e.g. international students, unclassified students, students with incomes above Pell eligibility level). There is currently no method available to exclude these groups from our potential pool.

